

Solutions for Sustainable & Resilient Cities

2016 EU Research and Innovation Day

World Leader in Environmental Services



2015 Revenue: € 24.96 billion*

173,959 employees



Water Services

€11.34 billion (+1.0% vs.2014)



Waste Management & Resource Recovery

€8.69 billion (+3.0% vs.2014)



Energy Services & Optimization

€4.92 billion (+4.0% vs.2014)

Summary



Resilience challenges

- Challenges
- Understand the concept of Urban Resilience
- City's expressed needs

VEOLIA, partner of « 100 resilient cities »

Value proposition and solutions

- Robust infrastructures
- Resources conservation
- Flood management
- Critical energy supply
- Heat waves mitigation
- Critical event management



Resilience Challenges

Global trends impacting cities



A rapid growth of the population

- 9 billion people expected by 2050
- A growing urbanisation (75% of the population in urban areas by 2050)
- Heterogeneous demographic changes (population size and growth rate, age pyramid)

The climate change (cities more involved in prevention, and in charge of necessary adaptations)

Citizen consum'actor

- More and more initiated, sophisticatied and skilled
- New expectations of governance and involvement
- Healthy concerns and enviromental expectations

Economic moves

- Economic crisis or instability (less visibility for future revenues)
- Middle class growth from 1.8bn to 5bn by 2030
- New economic models (circular economy, economy of functionality, decentralized energy production...)
- New regulations and policies, more stringent and environmental
- Rapid developement of new technologies, particularly digital

Competition amongst territories (for talents, investment..)

Concept of Urban resilience

Resilience describes the ability of a system to withstand or accommodate stresses and shocks such as climate impacts, while still maintaining its function.

- Resilience is aimed at sustaining and enhancing the capacity to adapt to uncertainty and surprise.
- Resilience goes further than risk management, it is more than coping or short-term survival, it is enhancing city's attractiveness
- Comprehensive and holistic framework that combines the physical aspects of cities with the less tangible aspects associated with human behaviour.

Not only an infrastructures matter

- Physical systems in the urban environment influence human behaviour
- Promotion of multi-sectoral approach, interdependencies between different systems

Resilient City : for whom ?



7



VEOLIA

Partner of the initiative by the Rockefeller foundation

« 100 Resilient Cities »







VEOLIA

Value propositions & Solutions

Resilient City : a response to Cities' needs



Cost-efficient adaptation and mitigation measures

The Strategic Resilient plan helps us to answer customer needs

Efficiency	Safety Quality of	of life Recovery
What are our value propositions?		
Robust infrastructure	Resources conservation	Flood management
Supporting cities by the development and the management of adapted infrastructure able to withstand to the demographic growth and to the climate change impact	In water stress conditions (hydraulic stress and growth in water withdrawal), reducing water footprint within the cities	Helping cities to protect themselves against flood risks, to reduce their vulnerability in the long-term, to better handle crises and to accelerate the return to normalcy post-event
Critical energy supply	Heat waves mitigation	Critical event management
Supplying energetic solutions off grid to ensure the continuity of critical services	Reducing UHI effect by refreshing cities, minimizing the UHI and identifying vulnerable areas to improve public health	Critical events detection, anticipation, simulation, management Accelerating the return to normalcy and the recovery of the city after a shock

Supervision

How could we support you?

Consulting Installations Operations

Shared value

ROBUST INFRASTRUCTURE

URBAN CONSULTING

RISK ASSESSMENT

Planning more resilient urban development

Sustainable urban consultancy

- Labelling system : HQE, econeighbourhood
- Defining environmental strategies



nulation du développement de l'écoquartier en 3D

Identifying the risks, modeling and measuring their impacts

Identify process and infrastructure weaknesses to improve them

Establish action and investment plans to reduce, manage or transfer risks and prioritize actions



ASSET MANAGEMENT

Reducing total Cost of Ownership (TCO)

- Effective risk mitigation
- Efficient investment
- Extended life span of the assets

More resistant infrastructure are more attractive for investors.



Urban consulting – Example of Santiago of Chili City modeling & planning, 3D Urban simulator

Veolia has developed a methodology to assess City's Urban and Environmental strategy : KEY2©Sustainable City

We propose to apply our methodology to the City Resilience characteristics



KEY2®

Proactive Resiliencity – joint value proposition with insurance companies



A changing approach of risk management

- A long term urban strategy
- More attractiveness and sustainability for territories
- A favorable environment for economic development and improved competitiveness of territories

Swiss Re

PARTNERSHIP

New Orleans .

SwissRe & Veolia to conduct

RESOURCES CONSERVATION



Example of Milwaukee: Managing wastewater and stormwater for resources conservation



Since 2008, Veolia and the Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District (MMSD) work around the clock to protect Lake Michigan - the community's most valuable resources - by providing highquality wastewater treatment services.

The 10-year partnership agreement focuses on operation, maintenance and management of two large wastewater treatment plants, 19 pump stations, collection system, stormwater system and deep tunnel system.

Water Impact Index

Clean Water act



Strict limitation of overflows

with all Veolia has achieved compliance environmental permit conditions. In fact. operations at Jones Island and South Shore have exceeded water quality standards on Veolia's watch, releasing treated effluent into Lake Michigan that is far cleaner than what required by EPA regulations is and Wisconsin's Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (WPDES) permit.

Successful resilient cities will be smart cities



Example of the Grand Lyon, an optimized water distribution system

Veolia, in partnership with IBM, sets up a smart solution of the water networks control

- Put in place automated responses to alerts 0
- Provide a systems-level view of operations 0
- Apply analytics to spot trends and make predictions 0



Leakage reduction Predictive maintenance 0 0 Energy efficiency Optimised assets **EFFICIENCY** 0 renewal Demand management • Real time water quality Customer information monitoring **QUALITY OF** and alerts LIFE Crisis management 0 Flood management **SECURITY** 0 Detection of pollution 0 Faster reaction to incidents **RETURN TO** 0 Efficient dispatching of field NORMAL 0 crews

Smart Water Benefits

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FLOOD MANAGEMENT

SEWERS NETWORK DYNAMIC MANAGEMENT

Insuring critical energy supply and territory autonomy

Managing in real time the sewer systems and the retention strategies to reduce flood in the city



RIVER BASIN MANAGEMENT

Identifying the risks, modeling and measuring their impacts

Piloting water basin fluxes, example of the Bièvre :

- Creation of a remote hydraulic regulation system
- Optimization of the retention means



GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE

Developing urban green infrastructure

Increasing the well-being thanks to green infrastructure

- Reduction of the rain storms impacts on the sewer networks
- Living place improvement and area estheticism
- Positive effect on quantity and quality of water



Example of Copenhagen : Preventing floods



Anticipating rainy periods for an adapted monitoring of the sewerage system and of wastewater treatment plants

Overflows during rainy periods have been reduced from 100 to 10 occurrences per year 20

Benefits for Copenhagen : Quality of life



Example of Copenhagen : Optimization of investments

Overflows during rainy periods have been reduced from 100 to 10 occurrences per year :

- Millions of Euros of damage have been avoided
- · Revaluation of the citv's real estate



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The promise of green stormwater infrastructure

Rain:Net – Optimisation of green infrastructure management

What is it? Install Sensors & Telemetry in Green Infrastructure Developped by Veolia North America and the start up Opti.

How it works?







Performance

Calculates & Reports KPIs ++ Prove performance

Alerts When Maintenance is Needed ++ Reduce OPEX ++ Increase efficiency

Key functions of green stormwater infrastructure:

- Divert it: Divert stormwater by infiltration it into the ground or by evapotranspiration
- Slow it: holds stormwater flow and slowly releases it to the sewer system
- 。 Reuse it: holds stormwater and uses it to meet non-potable water demands



CRITICAL ENERGY SUPPLY



Continuity of services: Building resilient cities includes connection to commercial and industrial challenges



Critical Energy Supply all over the world

- Veolia has provided solutions to manage risk of both power and thermal energy shortages
- We guarantee secure supply of energy through cogeneration, energy storage, biomass solutions and independence from the grid
- Our solutions can be implemented at district level and also at local level

Energy storage (Boras, Sweden)



Become a "green municipality"
Improve operational flexibility
Decrease auxiliary fossil energy

Biomass (Pécs, Hungary)



 Reduce dependency from primary fuels and mitigate risks from energy shortages
 The city could switch completely to green heating mode

Hospital complex (Milan,



- Operations in islanding mode
- Lower its fuel consumption
- Reduce the environmental impact
- Tri-generation and secure energy supply



- Decentralized power generation
- Independence from the grid
- Continuity of critical services
- Secure Energy Supply
- Efficient Energy production

HEAT WAVES MITIGATION

VULNERABILITY STUDY

URBAN MONITORING

Evaluating the exposure to UHI and identify the sensible populations

Avaibility for cities of diagnostic tools in the aim to propose short, middle and long term solutions to reduce the vulnerability of their territory, in particular for the most vulnerable population.



Real time management of the UHI to inform populations

An urban monitoring service allows a quality of life improvement within the city :

- Tracking UHI and the mitigation measures performance
- And other services:
- Air quality and pollution levels, pollen pics
- Noise monitoring in sensitive areas
- Temperature, humidity, and meteorological data



MITIGATION OF UHI

Humidification of the pavement and revegetation

Reducing Urban Heat Island effect by refreshing cities

Simulating micro-climate on existing or in development neighbourhoods Setting up mitigation solutions



CRITICAL EVENT MANAGEMENT

PEPARED EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

DEPOLLUTION

Ensuring critical aid with emergency response actions on our activities

Protecting population health and managing dangerous pollutions

RECOVERY SERVICES

Clean up, disposal, safety audits, repair or upgraded rebuilding

- Quickly mobilized in case of extreme event to faster the activity recovery
- Response team (in coordination with local city emergency response services if required depending on gravity of event)





Setting up of depollution solutions

- Wasteland rehabilitation
- Depollution of actives sites
- Sites monitoring
- Safety procedures in case of accidental pollution



. Nuclear Pollution in Fukushima, Japan . Tianjin disaster, China

- Reducing the recovery time and disruption to daily life in avoiding a cascade effect
- Reducing cost of business
 interruption
- Optimizing the risk
 insurance coverage



Exemple of New Orleans: Hurricane Katrina Recovery



The East Bank Wastewater Treatment Plant is located on the east bank of the Mississippi River and serves the entire East Bank of Orleans Parish.

In August 2005 Hurricane Katrina devastated the Gulf Coast and left the East Bank wastewater treatment plant under 20 feet of water. Immediate recovery efforts were successful with treatment restored in just three months. Long-term planning and recovery continues until this day :



- After 30 days: Plant was dewatered
- After 45 days: Facility was receiving 30 MGD
- After 95 days: Secondary treatment was restored

Since Katrina, the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) has obligated \$244 million in wastewater system recovery projects, including the continued rehabilitation of the plant and repair or replacement of pumping stations and other key infrastructure.



Thank you! 감사합니다!

Contact



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